

# Open Metering System Specification

# **Requirements for OMS use case support**

# Annex M to Volume 2 Primary Communication Issue 5.0.1

# **RELEASE C (2023-12)**

© Open Metering System Group e.V., 2023



# **Document History**

Version	Date	Comment	Editor
A 0.0.1	2017-03-22	Setup of table for Clock Sync for initial discussion	Hartmut Ritter, Joachim Baumann
A 0.0.2	2017-03-26	Modified UC-04 table according to input from Uwe Pahl, copied short use case description from document "Open Metering Spec. Use Cases" Issue 1.0.2	Hartmut Ritter
A 0.0.3	2017-03-27	Removed references, minor edits	Joachim Baumann
A 0.0.4	2017-10-16	Add result from Action #66-16,#67-12,-14,-18	Uwe Pahl
A 0.0.5	2017-12-11	Add result from Action #67-9, #67-14, Add new UC-05 by Action #68-8 Add new UC-08 by Action #68-12 Add new UC-09 by Action #68-13	Uwe Pahl
A 0.0.6	2018-01-16	Updated UC-05 according to actions #69-1 and #69-12	Alexander Rohleder
A 0.0.7	2018-02-05	Consolidated version with all changes until 2018-02-03	Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.8	2018-02-20	Comments for A 0.0.7 added	Dirk Matussek, Ronald Müller, Joachim Baumann, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.9	2018-03-14, 2018-03-15 and 2018-03- 19	Changes in M.1.5 and M.2.2 to M.2.4, TOC added, Chapter M.1.6 added, Adaptation of all UCs to table M.3	AG1, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.10	2018-04-26 and 2018-05- 02	Changes in UC-05, UC-06 and UC-08, Introduction of Seq_SND-UDx in all use cases	AG1, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.11	2018-06-20	Changes in UC-03, UC-04 and UC-05	AG1, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.12	2018-10-04	Consolidated version of three documents	AG1, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.13	2018-10-16	Corrections for Seq_SND-UDx, Seq_SND-UD2	Dirk Matussek, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.14	2018-11-12	Introduction of new abbreviations Consolidation of M.1.2, M.2.5 and M.2.7	Ronald Müller, Thomas Blank, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.15	2019-01-25	Consolidation of UC-04, UC-07 and UC-09 and further changes by Action #82-15	Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.16	2019-02-19	Consolidation	Achim Reissinger, Thomas Blank, Dirk Matussek
A 0.0.17	2019-04-03	Correction of abbreviation KeyID and KeyVersion, removal of Seq_REQ-UD2 [MBus- Data] in tables M.5, M.19 and M.21, change of headlines for tables M.8 to M.11	Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.18	2019-04-26	UC-02: deletion of all content, marking as reserved UC-04: Correction of headlines in tables M.7 to M.10	Achim Reissinger, Thomas Blank
A 0.0.19	2019-07-03	Consolidation of UC-04, UC-06, UC-07, UC-08 and UC-09 Adjustment of table numbers to OMS-S2	Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.20	2019-09-20	Consolidation of whole document	Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.21	2019-10-19	Processing of editorial comments	Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.22	2019-10-27	UC-07 updated	AG1, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.23	2019-11-04	Processing of editorial comments	Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.24	2019-11-14	Processing of all comments	AG1, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.25	2020-01-29 2020-02-02	Review of whole document Splitting of the entry "Data elements" in the UC- 01, UC-03, UC-04, UC-06 and UC-07	AG1 Achim Reissinger



Version	Date	Comment	Editor
A 0.0.26	2020-02-18	Changes in "Data elements" boxes during meeting #98	AG1
A 0.0.27	2020-03-11	Adoption of all changes from A 0.0.26 Editorial corrections Implementation of action item proposals: addition of BCF values in several UCs, changes for UC-04	Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.28	2020-03-18	Review of whole document, editorial corrections	AG1, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.29	2020-03-24	Replacement of "meter" and "meters" with "meter/actuator" and "meters/actuators" Addition of reference to Annex P in chapter M.1.4	Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.30	2020-03-26	Revision based on comments by Thomas Banz	Thomas Banz, Achim Reissinger
A 0.0.31	2020-04-03	Revision based on sub group meetings and additional input Addition of chapter M.1.5	AG1, Achim Reissinger
A 0.1.0	2020-04-22	Add footnote c in Table M.22 + M.23 Draft version for review by AG3	Achim Reissinger, Uwe Pahl
A 0.1.1	2020-05-26	Editing during meeting #100	AG1, Achim Reissinger
	and		
	2020-05-29	Update of table numbers because of changed table numbering in OMS-S2 V 4.3.x	Achim Reissinger
A 0.1.2	2020-05-30	Update Tab.23 (remove footnote b, c, d; move footnote a to b; add new footnote a, remove col. "Obligation", add col. "freq. trans."; add dev.type 21h) Update Appendix A according to AG1+AG3 Joint#03	Uwe Pahl
A 0.1.3	2020-06-02	Fixed remaining footnote c in Tab. M.23	Achim Reissinger
A 0.1.4	2020-06-09	Update M.1.1 and add M2.2 OMS-UC-00	Uwe Pahl
A 0.2.0	2020-06-15 and	Editing during meeting #101	AG1, Achim Reissinger
	2020-06-17	Addition of agreed editorial changes from joint meeting #3 with AG3	Achim Reissinger
A 0.2.1	2020-07-07	Integration of comments from AG1 internal review:	Achim Reissinger
		M.1.1 changed M.1.2 changed M.2.2 wording changed Tab. M.1 changed Tab. M.24 changed Tab. M.20: note added (after table) Tab. M.26 changed	
A 1.0.0	2020-09-24	Editorial changes	Achim Reissinger
	and		
	2020-09-29	Tab. M.14 and M.15: Extension for footnote a	Thomas Blank, Uwe Pahl
	and	M.1.5 changed M.2.7 changed: UC-05, Activation Command and Termination Command	
	2020-09-30	M.2.6 changed	Thomas Blank, Uwe Pahl
	and		

Version	Date	Comment	Editor
A 1.0.1	2020-10-09	M.2.6 UC-04 changed	Thomas Blank, Uwe Pahl
	And	and	
	2020-10-13	M.1.7 changed (CNF-IR optional) M.2.9 changed to reserved	Thomas Banz, Achim Reissinger
A 1.0.2	2020-10-16	M.2.9 changed	Achim Reissinger
A 1.0.3	2020-10-22	Editorial changes	Achim Reissinger
	and		
	2022-05-30	Copyright remark added to front page	
		Release	
B 1.0.5	2022-01-18	M.2.9 revised	AG1
	and		
	2022-01-31	M.1.5 reference corrected	Achim Reissinger
	and		
	2022-08-02	UC-07, UC-10, UC-12, UC-14, UC-20 added Introduction of term "OMS end-device"	
	and	Introduction of term OMS end-device	
	2022-08-09	Table M.6 changed "OMS end-device" includes "actuator"	
	and		
	2022-09-14	M.1.5 changed Editorial changes (referenced table numbers)	
	and		
	2022-10-04	DSI=32h in all tables deleted Sub-headlines reformated	Joachim Baumann
	and		
	2022-10-09	Tables M.38 and M .39 changed	
	and		
	2022-10-15	UC-10 and UC-20 removed Term "application key" replaced by "application security key" Term "key material" replaced by "keying material" Release Candidate	
B 1.0.6	2022-11-05	Integration of review comments	AG1, Achim Reissinger
		Release	
C 1.1.0	2023-03-28	UC-04 changed UC-05 revised	AG1, Achim Reissinger
	to	UC-07: Figures 2 and 3 changed	
	2023-10-14	UC-20 added M.1.3 changed Table M.1 changed for entry Seq_REQ-UD2	
		Release candidate	
C 1.1.1	2023-11-14	Consideration of review comments	AG1, Achim Reissinger
		Release	



# Contents

Docume	ent History	2
Contents	S	5
Tables		7
Figures		8
M.1 Ge	eneral	9
M.1.1	Scope	9
M.1.2	Description of a General Understanding of Roles for Use Cases	9
M.1.3	Unidirectional Modes (Wireless M-Bus)	9
M.1.4	Bidirectional Modes	9
M.1.5	Commands and Command Responses	10
M.1.6	Data Points	10
M.1.7	Basic Communication Sequences	10
M.1.8	Application Protocols	14
M.2 Fu	Inctional Requirements per Individual Use-Case	15
M.2.1	Description	15
M.2.2	OMS-UC-00 Conformance Test (mandatory)	15
M.2.3	OMS-UC-01 OMS End-device Registration	18
M.2.4	OMS-UC-03 Disconnection & Reconnection	19
M.2.5	OMS-UC-04 Clock Management	22
M.2.6	OMS-UC-05 Firmware Update	26
M.2.6.	.1 General	26
M.2.6.	.2 State diagram	26
M.2.6.	.3 State Command & Response	28
M.2.6.	.4 Phase 1: Transfer Preparation	29
M.2.6.	.5 Phase 2: Image Transfer	30
M.2.6.	.6 Phase 3: Image Validation	32
M.2.6.	.7 Phase 4: Image Activation	33
M.2.6.	.8 Optional messages: Terminate Command & Response	34
M.2.7	OMS-UC-06 OMS End-device Supervision	35
M.2.8	OMS-UC-07 Consumer Information	37
M.2.9	OMS-UC-08 Key Management	42
M.2.10	OMS-UC-12 Application Management	45
M.2.10	0.1 Overview	45
M.2.10	0.2 OMS-UC-12a Due Date Management	45



M.2.10.3 OMS-UC-12b Customer Ownership Number	47
M.2.11 OMS-UC-14 Data Selection	48
M.2.12 OMS-UC-20 Adapter Management	50
M.2.12.1 Overview	50
M.2.12.2 OMS-UC-20a Set ALA of an Adapter	50
M.2.12.3 OMS-UC-20b Adjust Meter Index of the Adapter	52
Appendix M.A (informative)	
Example for the Renewal of the Master Key OMS-UC-08	54



# Tables

Table M.1 – Basic Link Layer communication sequences	11
Table M.2 – Application protocols	14
Table M.3 – OMS-CT Value RC2	15
Table M.4 – OMS conformance test command	16
Table M.5 – Requirements for OMS-UC-00; OMS CT command	17
Table M.6 – Example sequences of OMS conformance test command/response	17
Table M.7 – Requirements for OMS-UC-01; requirements for OMS end-device registration	า 18
Table M.8 – State definitions	20
Table M.9 – Requirements for OMS-UC-03; get state information	20
Table M.10 – Requirements for OMS-UC-03; set control state	21
Table M.11 – Requirements for OMS-UC-04; Allowed combinations of functions	23
Table M.12 – Requirements for OMS-UC04; Read Time	23
Table M.13 – Requirements for OMS-UC04; Adjust Clock Time by Gateway	24
Table M.14 – Requirements for OMS-UC04; Adjust Clock Time by AMMHES "	24
Table M.15 – Requirements for OMS-UC04;Set Date and Time by AMMHES	25
Table M.16 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; State Command & Response	28
Table M.17 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Prepare Command & Response	29
Table M.18 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Transfer Command	30
Table M.19 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Completion Command & Response	31
Table M.20 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Validate Command & Response	32
Table M.21 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Activate Command & Response	33
Table M.22 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Terminate Command & Response	34
Table M.23 – Requirements for OMS-UC-06; get status information	35
Table M.24 – Requirements for OMS-UC-06; clear status information	36
Table M.25 – Sub use cases for OMS-UC-07	37
Table M.26 – Requirements for OMS-UC-07; get consumer information	40
Table M.27 – Requirements for OMS-UC-07; mandatory data elements	41
Table M.28 – Requirements for OMS-UC-08; Get list of keys	42
Table M.29 – Requirements for OMS-UC-08; Transfer of keying material	43
Table M.30 – Requirements for OMS-UC-08; Activation/Deactivation of keying material	44
Table M.31 – Harmonised configuration functions	45
Table M.32 – Requirements for OMS-UC-12a; Get last due date	45
Table M.33 – Requirements for OMS-UC-12a; Get next due date	46
Table M.34 – Requirements for OMS-UC-12a; Set next due date	46
Table M.35 – Requirements for OMS-UC-12b; Get ownership number	47



Table M.36 – Requirements for OMS-UC-12b; Set ownership number	.47
Table M.37 – Requirements for OMS-UC-14; Data point selection	.48
Table M.38 – Example for data point selection in Application 7, block 0	.49
Table M.39 – Harmonised adapter setting functions	.50
Table M.40 – Requirements for OMS-UC-20a; set ALA	.51
Table M.41 – Requirements for OMS-UC-20b; Get meter index	.52
Table M.42 – Requirements for OMS-UC-20b; Adjust meter index	.53

# Figures

Figure M.1 – Disconnector overview	.19
Figure M.2 – State diagram of firmware update	.27
Figure M.3 – Scenarios for the data transfer to the display via gateway or AMMHES	.38
Figure M.4 – Scenario for the direct data transfer to the display	.39



# M.1 General

# M.1.1 Scope

5

15

The [OMS-S2] defines requirements to be fulfilled by OMS end-devices. Beside these requirements, the OMS end-device may also support additional use cases described in this annex.

If the manufacturer declares the support of a use case in the [ManDec], then the OMS enddevice shall fulfil all respective requirements in this annex in order to pass the tests in the [OMS-CT]. Additionally, if at least one bidirectional use case (see M.2.2) is declared, the use case OMS-UC-00 shall also be supported.

#### M.1.2 Description of a General Understanding of Roles for Use Cases 10

The general roles of the market players according to the European legislation for the internal energy markets are described in [OMS-S1], 3.1 and [OMS-S1], Annex A.

To process a use case, the role-owner requires appropriate system related rights and the required metering point related information such as Ident. No. and related communication and application access rights.

It is not in the scope of this document to allocate any use cases to any market roles. It is the responsibility of the market players to execute the roles as needed and to distribute the correlated communication and application security keys accordingly.

The use cases and their related security requirements described in this document will provide 20 a tool-set of functions for the different market players to fulfil their roles.

Each use case defines security requirements for the OMS end-device and a set of KeyIDs as defined in [OMS-S2], 9.2.2. Security profiles are defined in [OMS-S2], 9.1. The OMS enddevice shall fulfil these requirements in order to serve and react according to the use case. However, it is not up to the individual OMS end-device to allocate and distribute the various

25 rights to each user.

> The Application Error 11h should be used in case a requested command for a use case is not supported.

## M.1.3 Unidirectional Modes (Wireless M-Bus)

Unidirectional operation modes are only supported by wireless OMS end-devices. In this mode 30 the OMS end-device frequently transmits datagrams containing OMS end-device identification together with OMS end-device data.

## M.1.4 Bidirectional Modes

Bidirectional OMS end-devices provide the possibility of a gateway to OMS end-device communication.

For wireless OMS end-devices the [EN 13757-4] defines rules how to access such OMS end-35 devices ([EN 13757-4:2019], subclause 12.6.3).

The accessibility of wired OMS end-devices is defined in Annex P.

A bidirectional wireless OMS end-device additionally applies unidirectional communication sequences like SND-NR. Parts of a use case or a complete use case can be fulfilled by unidirectional sequences.

The minimum requirement for an OMS end-device to support bidirectional use cases is to process one command per message unless otherwise defined in the specific use case.

40



Sending several commands per message is not recommended and may lead to an unexpected behaviour of the OMS end-device.

# M.1.5 Commands and Command Responses

This chapter provides general information on command handling related topics. It explains 5 communication rules and the possibility to recognise successful or not successful commands.

The communication partner e.g. the gateway may send commands to the OMS end-device. After the command execution, the communication partner may request the command response. The communication partner shall identify a corresponding command response by the ALA and a matching TPL access number of the OMS end-device message (RSP-UD) with

the TPL access number of the corresponding request (SND-UD2 or REQ-UD2, see [OMS-S2], 10 7.2.2).

The command execution inside an OMS end-device shall be processed at latest within 120 seconds (unless otherwise defined in the specific use case). The processing time starts with the reception of the command or (in case) after a delay or absolute start time that is indicated by the TargetTime in an SITP command (see [EN13757-7:2018], clause A.9.1).

A successful command results in a command response (according to [OMS-S2], 8.2.5, Figure 15). A command response shall either be a dedicate response providing the specified MB-Data-Tags or an unspecific response if there are "no requirements" in the data elements from the OMS end-device. An unspecific response shall be either:

• the standard response,

15

20

- a response with other M-Bus tags or
- an empty response.

An empty response shall provide at least one idle filler byte in the application layer (e.g. 2Fh for the M-Bus protocol).

NOTE: The idle filler ensures at least one encrypted block in case of encryption. If no 25 encryption is applied, the idle filler ensures that the application layer is not empty.

A not successful command results in an error response (according to [OMS-S2], 8.2.5, Figure 15). An error response contains an error according to [OMS-S2], 8.8, Table 37.

The successful or erroneous execution of the command is also indicated by the status byte of 30 the corresponding ACK/RSP-UD (see [OMS-S2], 7.2.3). As long as the application does not finish the processing of the command the Transport layer shall respond with the command state "application busy".

Note that the indication of the command state in the status byte is a new feature supported from OMS-Spec. Volume 2 V4.2.1. Devices conforming to an older version of the OMSspecification may respond a "no error" even if the command execution fails. For such devices,

35 the RSP-UD should always be requested.

Annex N provides example datagrams of commands and command responses.

## M.1.6 Data Points

The MB-Tags (MB-Data-Tag for data points, MB-Command-Tag for commands) used in this document to describe data points are defined in Annex B. 40

## **M.1.7 Basic Communication Sequences**

Table M.1 lists the basic uni- and bidirectional Link Layer communication sequences used to implement the OMS use cases. The Link Layer message types used in the sequences between the gateway and the OMS end-device are described as well as the respective error treatment on both sides.

45



For timing details see EN 13757-4:2019 Annex E. The dependencies of message types are shown in [OMS-S2], Table 12 and Table 13.

Sequence name	Description	Wireless unidir.	Wireless bidir.	Wired
Seq_SND-NR	Gateway       OMS end-device         SND-NR	Х	X	
Seq_ACC-NR	Gateway       OMS end-device         ACC-NR       ACC-NR         Description:       Informs about the accessibility of a wireless OMS end-device.         May be used by unidirectional wireless OMS end-devices to maintain the synchronous transmission timing without sending metering data.	X	Х	
Seq_SND-NKE	Wireless bidirectional:       Gateway       OMS end-device         SND-NKE       SND-NKE         Description:       Resets the link and ends the FAC.         Each communication session shall be terminated by the gateway sending a SND-NKE.         In this document, Seq_SND-NKE is not mentioned explicitly in the description of the use-cases.         Wired:         Gateway       OMS end-device         SND-NKE         ACK		X	х

#### Table M.1 – Basic Link Layer communication sequences

R

del	le M.1 – Basic Link Layer communication sequence	es (con	t.)	
Sequence name	Description	Wireless unidir.	Wireless bidir.	Wired
Seq_SND-UD	Gateway       OMS end-device         SND-UD       ACK         ACK       (NACK) <sup>1</sup> Description:       The gateway sends data or a command to the OMS end-device.         The OMS end-device acknowledges the reception of the data or the command (link layer acknowledgement).         Error treatment gateway (wireless only):         As long as the gateway does not receive an ACK or NACK response, it tries to repeat the SND-UD as specified in [OMS-S2], Annex I.         Error treatment wireless OMS end-device:         The OMS end-device responds with a NACK as specified in [OMS-S2], 5.2.3.		X	X
Seq_REQ-UD2	Gateway       OMS end-device         REQ-UD2       RSP-UD         RSP-UD       RSP-UD         Description:       The gateway requests the OMS end-device's application data.         The OMS end-device responds with its application data.         Error treatment gateway (wireless only):         As long as the gateway does not receive a RSP-UD response, it tries to repeat the REQ-UD2.		X	X

 Table M.1 – Basic Link Layer communication sequences (cont.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The NACK message is supported by wireless bidirectional OMS end-devices only.

I able M.1 – Basic Link Layer communication sequences (cont.)					
Sequence name	Description	Wireless unidir.	Wireless bidir.	Wired	
Seq_SND-UD2	Gateway       OMS_end-device         SND-UD2       RSP-UD         (NACK, ACK)       (NACK, ACK)         Description:       The gateway sends data or a command to the OMS end-device.         The OMS end-device responds with its application data.       This sequence may replace the combination of a SND-UD – ACK and a subsequent REQ-UD2 – RSP-UD sequence.         An OMS end-device implementing this sequence shall also support the combination of a SND-UD – ACK and a subsequent REQ-UD2 – RSP-UD sequence.         Error treatment gateway (wireless only):         As long as the gateway does not receive a RSP-UD or NACK response, it tries to repeat the SND-UD2.         If the OMS end-device responds with ACK, the gateway shall assume that the OMS end-device does not support SND-UD2 and thus retries with SND-UD.         Error treatment OMS end-device (wireless only):         The OMS end-device responds with a NACK as specified in [OMS-S2], 5.2.3.         NOTE: OMS end-devices of generation 3 and older do not support SND-UD2 and may responds with an ACK. In such case the gateway can use a Seq_SND-UD.		X	X	
Seq_SND-UDx	<ul> <li>This sequence can be implemented</li> <li>either by the combination of a Seq_SND-UD and a subsequent Seq_REQ-UD2</li> <li>or by the Seq_SND-UD2</li> </ul>		Х	Х	

Table M.1 – Basic Link Layer communication sequences (cont.)



Table M.1 – Basic Link Layer communication sequences (cont.)				
Sequence name	Description	Wireless unidir.	Wireless bidir.	Wired
Seq_SND-IR	Gateway       OMS end-device         SND-IR       CNF-IR         CNF-IR       SND-NKE         Description:       The OMS end-device sends an installation request to the gateway.         The gateway may confirm with a CNF-IR in case it accepts the OMS end-device's installation request, see [OMS-S2], 5.2.5.         The SND-NKE may be received by an installation tool.	X	X	

 Table M.1 – Basic Link Layer communication sequences (cont.)

# **M.1.8 Application Protocols**

5

The message types SND-UD, SND-UD2 or RSP-UD are used in different use cases and in different application protocols. The following table introduces the name of the application protocol and its meaning according to the definitions of [OMS-S2], Table 1.

	Table M.2 – Application protocols						
Name of Application protocol	Explanation (refer to [OMS-S2] Table 1)	CI-Field for Wireless M- Bus	CI-Field for Wired M-Bus				
App-Select	Command "Application Reset or Select" followed by some subfield to select a special application	53h, 57h	50h				
App-Reset	Command "Application Reset or Select" without some subfield used to reset application to standard response	53h, 57h	50h				
App-Error	Response "Application Error" signalling an error in command execution	6Eh, 6Fh	70h				
Dev-Select	"Selection of Device" used for secondary addressing	-	52h				
MBus-Cmd	Command of M-Bus protocol	5Ah, 5Bh	51h, 5Ah				
MBus-Data	Response of M-Bus protocol	7Ah, 72h	72h				
Clock-Sync	Command of Clock Synchronisation protocol	62h, 6Ch	6Ch				
ITP-Cmd	Command of Image Transfer protocol	C0h, C7h	C0h				
ITP-Rsp	Response of Image Transfer protocol	C1h, C2h	C2h				
SITP-Cmd	Command of Security Information Transport protocol	C3h, C6h	C3h				
SITP-Rsp	Response of Security Information Transport protocol	C4h, C5h	C5h				

Table M.2 – Application protocols



# M.2 Functional Requirements per Individual Use-Case

# **M.2.1 Description**

The tables in the following chapters list the functional requirements (like data items and protocols) for the respective use-case.

# 5 M.2.2 OMS-UC-00 Conformance Test (mandatory)

OMS-UC-00 is designed to check the bidirectional functionality of an OMS end-device according to [OMS-S2], 8.2.5 during the OMS conformance test. Therefore, this use case becomes mandatory if at least one other bidirectional use case is implemented. These are all use case of this annex except the use case:

UC-01 and

10

• UC-07 (in case data are provided only by unidirectional communication sequences).

The OMS Conformance Test command is an extension of the standardised remote control command according to [EN13757-3:2018], Annex E.2.

The first parameter byte RC1 has during conformance test a fix value to disable all radio specific tests (see [EN13757-3:2018] Tables E.8 to E10).

The second parameter byte RC2 shall be according to Table M.3.

b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	
0 <sup>a</sup>	0 <sup>a</sup> 0 <sup>a</sup> 1 <sup>a</sup> 1 <sup>a</sup> Function of OMS-CT command (see "Value RC2" in Table M.4)							
<sup>a</sup> reserved for future use								

#### Table M.3 – OMS-CT Value RC2



The OMS conformance test command allows following test functions:

Name	MB-	Set of values			Response of test device	Access
	Command tag according to Annex B	Value RC1	Value RC2	Test function		rights
OMC-CT command	XCT1!	40h/ C0h ª	30h	Application error	The parameter value 30h shall intentionally not be supported. The OMS end-device shall react with an application error 15h according to [OMS-S2], 8.8.	R
		40h/ C0h ª	31h	Empty or standard response	The device responds the typical unspecific response according to M.1.5.	R
		40h/ C0h ª	32h	Test response short	The device responds this MB- Tag with a fix 2 byte pattern '42h 42h'	R
		40h/ C0h ª	33h	Test response long	The device responds this MB- Tag with a pattern N times '43h', where N must be selected in a manner that the response corresponds to the maximum supported datagram length that can be transmitted.	R
		40h/ C0h ª	34h	Test command long	The sender transmits test pattern <sup>b</sup> in a datagram with max. package size according to [OMS-S2], 5.2.2 The receiver shall respond with the last 4 bytes of the test pattern sequence.	R
		40h/ C0h <sup>a</sup>	35h 3Fh	Reserved for future use		-

#### Table M.4 – OMS conformance test command

(Type LVAR according to EN13757-3:2018, Table 5).



The OMS conformance test command shall be applied according to Table M.5.

Functional	Wireless	Wired		
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A		
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [MBus-Cmd, MBus- Data]	Seq_SND-UDx [MBus-Cmd, MBus- Data]		
	or	or		
	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP-Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]		
Data elements to the OMS end- device	MB-Command-Tag: • XCT1!			
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul><li>MB-Data-Tag:</li><li>CT1!, the value depends on command function (see Table M.4).</li></ul>			
Security requirements				

# Table M.5 – Requirements for OMS-UC-00: OMS CT command

The lifetime of the OMS CT response shall be like any other command response according to [OMS-S2], 8.2.5.

Table M.6 provide examples of the M-Bus records in the command and related response 5 message with OMS conformance test commands.

Table M.6 – Example sequences of OMS conformance test command/response							
Test function	Command (hex)	Response (hex)					
Test response short	02 FD 9F 1D 40 32	04 FD 9F 1D 40 32 42 42					
Test response long	02 ED 9E 1D C0 33	0D ED 9E 1D A2 C0 33 43 43					

Table M.6 – Example	e sequences of OMS	conformance test	command/resr	oonse
		••••••		

Test function	Command (nex)	Response (nex)
Test response short	02 FD 9F 1D 40 32	04 FD 9F 1D 40 32 42 42
Test response long	02 FD 9F 1D C0 33	0D FD 9F 1D A2 C0 33 43 43 (A0 times 43)
0	0D FD 9F 1D 50 40 34 6E 6D 6C 25 24 23 22 21	06 FD 9F 1D 40 34 24 23 22 21



# M.2.3 OMS-UC-01 OMS End-device Registration

even if less than 6 times SND-IR has been sent.

OMS end-device registration is the process of detecting new OMS end-devices and registering an OMS end-device to a master (see [OMS-S2], 8.2.2).

If a wireless OMS end-device receives a valid CNF-IR it may stop the transmission of SND-IR

5

# Table M.7 – Requirements for OMS-UC-01; requirements for OMS end-device registration

	registration		
Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	Seq_SND-IR [MBus-Data] ª	N/A	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-IR [MBus-Data] <sup>a</sup>	Primary addresses: Seq_REQ-UD2 [MBus-Data] or Secondary address: Seq_SND-UDx [Dev-Select, MBus- Data] or Wildcard searching procedure: Seq_SND-UDx [Dev-Select, MBus- Data]	
Data elements to the OMS end-device	N/A	MB-Data-Tag: • ID1! (optional)	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	No requirements		
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44, Encryption and Authentication according to [OMS-S2], Table 42		
<sup>a</sup> Seq_SND-IR is	manually initiated.		

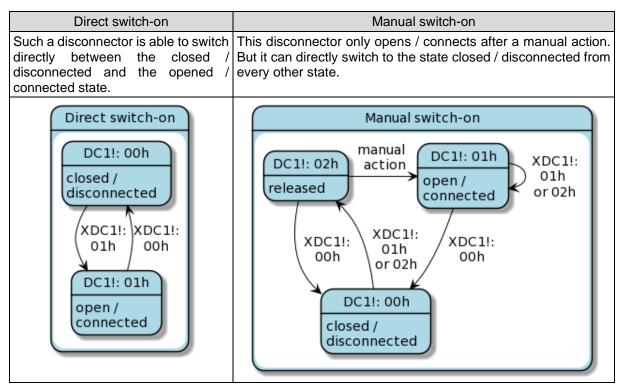


# M.2.4 OMS-UC-03 Disconnection & Reconnection

This use case describes how a gateway obtains or sets control state of a disconnector (breaker or valve).

Devices such as breakers or valves can switch the flow of a medium. Such devices (disconnectors) share their current physical status with DC2! (output state) and their internal status of the control object with DC1! (control state). The master shall use XDC1! as content of a SND-UD to change the control state.

Two different types of disconnectors are available.



10

## Figure M.1 – Disconnector overview

Figure M.1 shows the control states of the disconnector only.

For a disconnector, as the typical actuator, the maximum time interval between transmissions shall be the same as the maximum update interval for meter transmissions of the same medium (i.e. electricity or others) as shown in [OMS-S2], 4.3.2.2.

15



The disconnector states shall be applied according to the following definitions:

Name	MB- Tag	Set of values			Access		
	according to Annex B	Value	Valve	Breaker	rights		
Internal state of	DC1!	00h	closed	disconnected	R		
the disconnector control object		01h	opened	connected	R		
		02h <sup>a</sup>	released	released	R		
Output state of the disconnector	DC2!	00h	closed	disconnected	R		
		01h	opened	connected	R		
Set control state of disconnector	XDC1!	00h	close	disconnect	W		
		01h	open	connect	W		
		02h <sup>a</sup>	release	release	W		
<sup>a</sup> Service is onl	y available for typ	e "Man	ual switch-on".	•	•		

# Table M.8 – State definitions

If the disconnector functionality is a function of a meter (using the device type of a meter), subunit 1 shall be used in data information block (according to [EN 13757-3:2018], Annex C.3).

5 Table M.9 delivers the current states of the breaker / valve according to [EN13757-3:2018], Annex C.3

Functional	Wireless	Wired		
Communication sequences unidirectional	Seq_SND-NR [MBus-Data]	N/A		
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [App-Reset, MBus-Data]	Seq_SND-UDx [App-Reset, MBus-Data]		
Data elements to the OMS end- device	No requirements			
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>MB-Data-Tag:</li> <li>DC1! (control state)</li> <li>DC2! (output state)</li> <li>The MB-Data-Tags shall be presented in the RSP-UD (standard response) and in SND-NR (except static messages).</li> </ul>			
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44, Encryption and Authentication according to [OMS-S2], Table 42			

Table M.9 – Requirements for OMS-UC-03; get state information



The new state of breaker / valve can be set by using described M-Bus command according to Table M.10.

Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP-Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP-Rsp]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	MB-Command-Tag: • XDC1!	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	MB-Data-Tag: • DC1! (control state) • DC2! (output state)	
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according Encryption and Authentication accordin Application security shall be applied w • ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], • BCF=20h/A0h according to [EN • PID=01h according to [EN13757 • KeyID=20h according to [OMS-S • TargetTime set to "zero" (30000 TargetTime for a delayed action	ng to [OMS-S2], Table 42 ith: Table 47 13757-7:2018], Table A.3 7-7:2018], Table A.14 S2], Table 45
	getTime value shall be replied with a S ent error: TargetTime error".	ITP status response using value 23h,

#### Table M.10 – Requirements for OMS-UC-03; set control state



# M.2.5 OMS-UC-04 Clock Management

This use case describes the synchronisation of the clock of an OMS end-device, which can only be applied for bidirectional communicating OMS end-devices. It can be provided by adjusting or by setting the clock.

5 Both ways apply the Clock Synchronisation Protocol (see [OMS-S2], clause 8.7). The "Reserved" and "Command verification" fields of this protocol are optional and should be ignored in case they are provided.

#### Adjust Clock Time

- The Adjust Clock Time command allows the device to correct the internal clock without time leaps and thus without the loss of time-controlled events. Time taken for adjustment of the clock depends on individual implementation, but shall be completed within 12 hours after reception of the Adjust Clock Time command. To validate the setting a readout after 12 hours is recommended.
- As only one Adjust Clock Time command can be active, a further Adjust Clock Time command shall be not accepted as long as a previous adjustment is in process. In this case, an Adjust Clock Time command shall be ignored and replied with the Application error 10h ("Command cannot be executed at this time").

Adjust Clock Time can use two parameter formats:

- "Time adjustment"
- "Time correction"

20

Time adjustment adds or subtracts a number of seconds. Therefore, it is necessary to request the current device time in advance for calculating the time deviation. For deviations up to  $\pm 60$  seconds (respectively  $\pm 1$  minute), the command processing shall be applied. Larger deviations shall not be accepted, the command shall be ignored and replied with the Application error 15h

25 ("Parameter is missing or wrong"). This may lead to further time adjustment commands (after another 12 hours) until the desired time is reached.

Time correction provides an absolute time with the expected device time. This procedure is optimised for a broadcast approach. The OMS end-device has to calculate the deviation between the expected time and the current internal time. Only a maximum of ±60 seconds

30 (respectively ±1 minute) shall be applied even if the calculated deviation is larger. This may lead to further time correction commands (after another 12 hours) until the desired time is reached.

**NOTE:** The maximum deviation of 60 seconds within 12 hours limits the maximum time variation.

35 The execution of the Adjust Clock Time command however shall not impact the synchronous transmission timing limits according to [OMS-S2], 4.3.2 and [EN13757-4:2019], 12.6.2.

The Adjust Clock Time command can be initiated either by the gateway or by the AMMHES. Both variants provide different security levels. The gateway applies transport layer security only. The AMMHES uses additional application layer security.

#### 40 Set Date and Time

The Set Date and Time command allows the OMS end-device clock to be set to any desired time. It is seen as more critical than the Adjust Clock Time command and can only be provided by the AMMHES with application layer security using a different key than the Adjust Clock Time command. A setting of the OMS end-device's clock shall be processed immediately and, if a second and can only be provided and the adjust Clock to be set to any desired time.

45 if necessary, should stop a currently running Adjust Clock Time command.



# Applicable Use Cases

Only one of the listed use cases shown in Table M.11 shall be active. The OMS end-device may offer several use cases to be selected by configuration. The respective use case number has to be provided in the ManDec.

#### 5

#### Table M.11 – Requirements for OMS-UC-04; Allowed combinations of functions

Use case number	Function				
	Read Time	Adjust Clock Time by Gateway	Adjust Clock Time by AMMHES	Set Date and Time by AMMHES	
OMS-UC-04a	Х	Х			
OMS-UC-04b	Х	Х	Х	Х	
OMS-UC-04c <sup>a</sup>	Х		Х	Х	

<sup>a</sup> It shall be ensured that an OMS end-device providing "Adjust Clock Time by AMMHES" does not accept a command "Adjust Clock Time by Gateway".

Table	e M.12 –	Requ	irements	for	OMS-L	JC04;	Read 7	Гime

Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	Seq_SND-NR [MBus-Data]	N/A	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [App-Reset, MBus- Data]	Seq_SND-UDx [App-Reset, MBus- Data]	
Data elements to the OMS end-device	No requirements		
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>MB-Data-Tag:</li> <li>DT1!</li> <li>The MB-Data-Tags shall be presented in the RSP-UD (standard response) and in SND-NR (except static messages).</li> </ul>		
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44, Encryption and Authentication according to [OMS-S2], Table 42		



Table M.13 – Requirements for OMS-UC04; Adjust Clock	Time by Gateway
--	-----------------

Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [Clock-Sync]	Seq_SND-UDx [Clock-Sync]	
Data elements to the OMS end-device Clock Synchronisation Protocol according to [OMS-S2] 8.7, shall support both functions: • "Time adjustment" (TC-field 01h or 02h and time format type J) a • "Time correction" (TC-field 03h and time format type J) a, b		n or 02h and time format type J) <sup>a</sup>	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	No requirements		
Security requirements Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44, Encryption and Authentication according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.			
<ul> <li><sup>a</sup> Data type J will be enhanced in EN13757-3 to provide standard time as well. The OED can set Bit 6 (so far not used) to indicate that standard time instead of local time is applied.</li> <li><sup>b</sup> According to prEN 13757-3:2023.</li> </ul>			

Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	
Data elements to the OMS end-device	Clock Synchronisation Protocol according to [OMS-S2] 8.7, shall support both functions: • "Time adjustment" (TC-field 01h or 02h and time format type J) <sup>e</sup> • "Time correction" (TC-field 03h and time format type J) <sup>a, b</sup>		
Data elements from the OMS end- device	No requirements <sup>c</sup>		
Security requirements	<ul> <li>Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44,</li> <li>Encryption and Authentication according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.</li> <li>Application security shall be applied with: <ul> <li>ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47</li> <li>BCF=20h/A0h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.3</li> <li>PID=04h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.14 d</li> <li>KeyID=21h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45</li> <li>TargetTime = 300000000h (immediate action) e</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
<ul> <li><sup>a</sup> Data type J will be enhanced in a future issue of EN13757-3 to provide standard time as well. The OED can set Bit 6 (so far not used) to indicate that standard time instead of local time is applied.</li> <li><sup>b</sup> According to prEN 13757-3:2023.</li> <li><sup>c</sup> A OLTE status areas and (DOL 20) abolt he areas and ad</li> </ul>			

- <sup>c</sup> A SITP status response (DSI 22) shall be responded.
- <sup>d</sup> The APDU (see [EN 13757-7]) shall only consist of TC-Field and respective time format.
- <sup>e</sup> A not supported TargetTime value should be replied with a SITP status response using value 23h, "Data structure content error: TargetTime error".
- **NOTE:** The applied application security profile ensures that a command will be executed only once even if the message has been received several times (see EN13757-7:2018, A.9.1). 5



Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	
Data elements to the OMS end-device	Clock Synchronisation Protocol according to [OMS-S2] 8.7, mandatory function: "Time setting" with TC-field 00h (data type I) optional function: "Time setting" with TC-field 05h or 06h (data type M)		
Data elements from the OMS end- device	No requirements <sup>a</sup>		
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44, Encryption and Authentication according to [OMS-S2], Table 42. Application security shall be applied with: • ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47 • BCF=20h/A0h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.3 • PID=04h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.14 <sup>b</sup> • KeyID=22h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45 • TargetTime = 300000000h (immediate action) <sup>c</sup>		
<ul> <li>A SITP status response (DSI 22) shall be responded.</li> <li>The APDU (see [EN 13757-7]) shall only consist of TC-Field and respective time format.</li> </ul>			

Table M.15 – Requirements for OMS-UC04;Set Date and Time by AMMHES

A not supported TargetTime value should be replied with a SITP status response using value 23h, "Data structure content error: TargetTime error".

**NOTE 1:** The function "Set Date and Time by AMMHES" is mainly intended for devices, which may lose their date and time information during operation. It can also be used for initial time setting e.g. in a different time zone.

5 **NOTE 2:** The function "Set Date and Time by AMMHES" using TC-field 00h may lead to imprecise time in the OMS end-device due to transmission delays of the command. The residual time deviation can be corrected by using TC-field 05h/06h or by the function "Adjust Clock Time".



# M.2.6 OMS-UC-05 Firmware Update

## M.2.6.1 General

5

This use case describes which message sequences shall be used for transferring a new firmware to an OMS end-device. To this end, the image transfer protocol as specified in [EN 13757-3:2018], Annex I will be used.

The image transfer consists of several phases. This section describes which messages shall be used for the image transfer process between the gateway and the OMS end-device as well as the state diagram which shall be supported by the OMS end-devices.

**NOTE:** Only the point-to-point Image transfer process is described, i.e. the gateway only transfers an image to one OMS end-device at a time and multicast is not used.

Tables for the different phases of the image transfer process are given in the following sections.

#### M.2.6.2 State diagram

NOTE: OMS end-devices should be initially in the state "Idle (15)".

A firmware update can be started at any state with the Prepare (00h/80h) command. Any state of the firmware update shall retain for at least 24 hours in case of no state changing event takes place.

If a command is received that cannot be executed based on the state diagram, then the device shall respond with an Application Error 10h ([OMS-S2], Table 40).



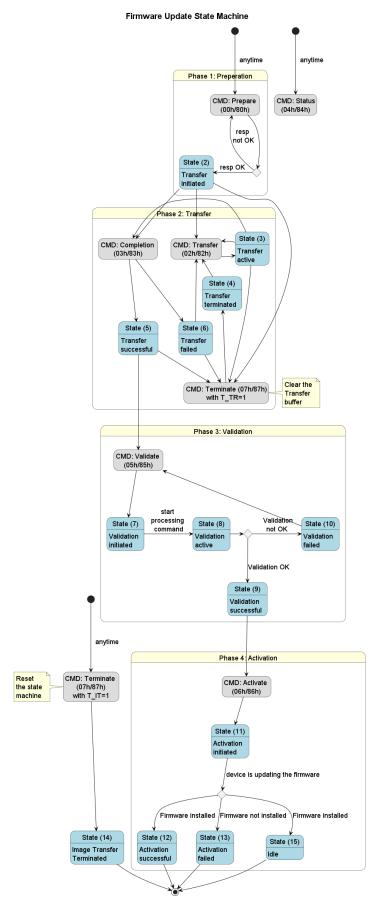


Figure M.2 – State diagram of firmware update



After a successful firmware activation both states (12) and (15) are allowed. The selection of the state depends on implementation.

#### M.2.6.3 State Command & Response

5

The state command and response can be used in any phase of the process to check the current state. The possible states are listed in EN 13757-3:2018 Table I.29. It is recommended to use it especially at the end of phase 2 to check the successful transmission.

#### Table M.16 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; State Command & Response

Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [ITP-Cmd, ITP-Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [ITP-Cmd, ITP-Rsp]	
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP StateCommand: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.11</li> <li>Function field 04h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> <li>Add. Info: optional.</li> </ul>		
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP State Response: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.12</li> <li>Function field 84h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> </ul>		
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44. Encryption and Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.		



# M.2.6.4 Phase 1: Transfer Preparation

The command sets up the condition for image transfer. The included MAC field allows securing the transmission of the image to the OMS end-device. The OMS end-device shall check the integrity of the image during the image validation step.

Б
υ
-

## Table M.17 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Prepare Command & Response

Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Prepare Command: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.4</li> <li>Function field 00h</li> <li>Date and Time: shall not be used</li> <li>Pace: shall not be used</li> <li>Size information: mandatory<sup>a</sup></li> <li>Image Identifier field: mandatory</li> <li>MAC field: mandatory (ASP03 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47)</li> <li>MAC Algorithm ID = 04h</li> <li>KeyID = 18h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45</li> <li>Add. Info: optional</li> </ul>		
Data elements form the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Prepare Response: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.5</li> <li>Function field 80h</li> <li>Image Identifier field: mandatory</li> <li>Size Information: optional</li> <li>Add. Info: optional</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Security requirements</li> <li>Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44.</li> <li>Encryption/Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.</li> <li>Application security shall be applied with: <ul> <li>ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47</li> <li>BCF=20h/A0h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.3</li> <li>PID=06h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.14</li> <li>KeyID = 23h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45</li> <li>TargetTime = 300000000h (immediate action) <sup>b</sup></li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
<ul> <li><sup>a</sup> The OMS end-device shall support a minimum block size of 190 bytes. Fragmentation by AFL is optional.</li> <li><sup>b</sup> A not supported TargetTime value should be replied with a SITP state response using value 23h,</li> </ul>			

A not supported TargetTime value should be replied with a SITP state response using value 23h,
 "Data structure content error: TargetTime error".



## M.2.6.5 Phase 2: Image Transfer

The transfer command is used for the actual transfer of the image. This phase consists of:

- Transferring the complete image from the gateway to the OMS end-device
- Checking the completeness of the image transfer and possibly retransferring missing
- blocks. This is an iterative process until all image blocks are successfully transferred
- Checking the state of the image transfer

Table M.18 – Requirements for OWS-UC-US; Transfer Command				
Functional	Wireless	Wired		
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A.		
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UD [ITP-Cmd] Seq_REQ-UD2 [ITP-Rsp] ª	Seq_SND-UD [ITP-Cmd] Seq_REQ-UD2 [ITP-Rsp]ª		
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Transfer Command: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.7</li> <li>Function field 02h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> <li>Block number: mandatory</li> <li>Remaining: optional</li> <li>Add. Info: optional.</li> </ul>			
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Transfer Response: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.8</li> <li>Function field 82h</li> <li>Image Identifier field: mandatory</li> </ul>			
Security requirements	<ul> <li>Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44.</li> <li>Encryption and Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.</li> <li>To reduce the overhead by security elements a fragmentation of larger Image blocks is recommended.</li> <li>In order to ensure end-to-end security from manufacturer to OMS end-device it is recommended to additionally protect the image.</li> </ul>			
<sup>a</sup> Seq_REQ-UD2 is optional and should be used in case of an indicated application error in the ACK after a SND-UD.				

#### Table M.18 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Transfer Command

The completion command is used to check if all the blocks of the image have been successfully transferred. In case the OMS end-device signals that there are blocks missing, the gateway must retransfer the missing blocks.

10

5



Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [ITP-Cmd, ITP-Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [ITP-Cmd, ITP-Rsp]	
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Completion Command: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.9</li> <li>Function field 03h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> <li>Add. Info: optional</li> </ul>		
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Completion Response: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.10</li> <li>Function field 83h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> <li>Total Number of lost blocks: mandatory</li> <li>Lost Blocks field: shall only be present if Total Number of lost blocks &gt; 0</li> </ul>		
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44. Encryption and Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.		

# Table M.19 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Completion Command & Response



# M.2.6.6 Phase 3: Image Validation

According to EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.1.5 the image validation is triggered by the AMMHES, and forwarded by the gateway to the OMS end-device. The validation shall not take longer than 300 seconds.

5

# Table M.20 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Validate Command & Response

Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [ITP-Cmd, ITP-Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [ITP-Cmd, ITP-Rsp]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Validate Command: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.13</li> <li>Function field 05h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> <li>Add. Info: optional.</li> <li>During this image validation step, the OMS end-device must recalculate the MAC value over the received image and compare this MAC value with the value received in the Prepare Command. Image validation is successful if both MAC values match and additional manufacturer tests are passed.</li> <li>Otherwise, the state will be "Validation failed".</li> </ul>	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	ITP Validate Response: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.14 <ul> <li>Function field 85h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> </ul>	
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44. Encryption and Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.	



# M.2.6.7 Phase 4: Image Activation

5

According to EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.1.6 the image activation is triggered by the AMMHES, and forwarded by the gateway to the OMS end-device. The device shall accept an activation command only if image validation in phase 3 has been finished with state "Validation successful". The activation shall not take longer than 600 seconds.

Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Activate Command: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.15</li> <li>Function field 06h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> <li>Date and Time: mandatory</li> </ul>	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Activate Response: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.16</li> <li>Function field 86h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> </ul>	
Security requirements	<ul> <li>Image identifier Field. mandatory</li> <li>Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44.</li> <li>Encryption and Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.</li> <li>Application security profile should be applied with: <ul> <li>ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47</li> <li>BCF=20h/A0h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.3</li> <li>PID=06h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.14</li> <li>KeyID = 23h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45</li> <li>TargetTime = 308000000h (The Image Transfer Protocol provides an own "Date and Time" field for the image activation.)</li> </ul> </li> <li>NOTE: In case Annex E.2 is supported by the OMS end-device, the Application security is not applicable by an IDIS gateway. Otherwise the application of ASP 10 is recommended.</li> </ul>	

### Table M.21 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Activate Command & Response



# M.2.6.8 Optional messages: Terminate Command & Response

The terminate command is used to terminate the image transfer phase or to terminate the whole image transfer process.

Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Terminate Command: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.17</li> <li>Function field 07h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> </ul>	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>ITP Terminate Response: See EN 13757-3:2018 Annex I, section I.2.18</li> <li>Function field 87h</li> <li>Image Identifier Field: mandatory</li> </ul>	
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44. Encryption and Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42. Application security should be applied with: • ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47 • BCF=20h/A0h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.3 • PID=06h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.14 • KeyID = 23h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45 • TargetTime = 300000000h (immediate action) <sup>a</sup> <b>NOTE:</b> In case Annex E.2 is supported by the OMS end-device, the Application security is not applicable by an IDIS gateway. Otherwise the application of ASP 10 is recommended.	
<sup>a</sup> A not supported TargetTime value should be replied with a SITP state response using value 23h, "Data structure content error: TargetTime error".		

# Table M.22 – Requirements for OMS-UC-05; Terminate Command & Response



# M.2.7 OMS-UC-06 OMS End-device Supervision

5

Status information of the OMS end-device can be obtained by analysing the status Byte or by interpreting the data points error flags and/or battery lifetime. This use case explains how to get this information and how to clear respective error flags of the OMS end-device.

Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	Seq_SND-NR [MBus-Data]	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [App-Reset, MBus- Data]	Seq_SND-UDx [App-Reset, MBus- Data]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	No requirements	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>MB-Data-Tag: <ul> <li>Error flag MM2! or MM3! (mandatory)</li> <li>Battery life time MM8! (optional).</li> </ul> </li> <li>The status byte is always present in TPL.</li> <li>The MB-Data-Tags shall be presented in the RSP-UD (standard response) and in SND-NR (except static messages).</li> </ul>	
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44. Encryption and Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.	

#### Table M.23 – Requirements for OMS-UC-06; get status information

There are two possibilities to clear status information. Either clear dedicated (bitwise) states or clear all possible states. It may not be possible to clear all errors as some can be permanent or the reason for the error is still present. The result can be checked in the command response where the respective data point will be delivered.

10 **NOTE:** Clearing a bit in data point error flags may also change the status byte whereas there is no chance to clear the status byte itself.



Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	MB-Command: • notMM2! or notMM3! (clear bitwise) • clrMM3! (clear all)	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	MB-Data-Tag: • MM2! or MM3!	
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44. Encryption and Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42. Application security shall be applied with: • ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47 • BCF=20h/A0h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.3 • PID=01h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.14 • KeyID=24h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45 • TargetTime = 300000000h (immediate action) <sup>a</sup>	
<ul> <li>A not supported TargetTime value should be replied with a SITP status response using value 23h, "Data structure content error: TargetTime error".</li> </ul>		

Table M.24 – Requirements for OMS-UC-06; clear status information



# M.2.8 OMS-UC-07 Consumer Information

This use case describes how an M-Bus OMS end-device shall provide additional consumer information over wireless or wired M-Bus. It declares in Table M.27 the mandatory data elements dependent on the device type.

5 This use case can be applied for both unidirectional and bidirectional OMS end-devices. For unidirectional devices the data are provided only with SND-NR message. Currently sensor devices are not yet supported by UC-07.

According to [OMS-S1], 4.3 the consumer information can be provided by the AMMHES, the gateway or directly from the related OMS end-device. The last type of communication uses a different TPL-key with a different KeyID.

The master key is used by the MSO for the data exchange between the OMS end-device and the gateway or AMMHES. It should not be shared in devices that are not under the control of the MSO.

The OMS end-device shall support one or both of the sub use cases shown in Table M.25.

15

10

	Table M.25 –	Sub use	cases for	OMS-UC-07
--	--------------	---------	-----------	-----------

Sub use case	KeyID	Possible scenario
UC-07a	00h	Consumer information is sent to the gateway or AMMHES for further processing and then forwarded to a display unit or comparable.
UC-07b	08h	Consumer information is sent directly to the display unit (the gateway may be used as a relay).



Figure M.3 depicts possible scenarios for the data transfer from the OMS end-device via gateway or AMMHES.

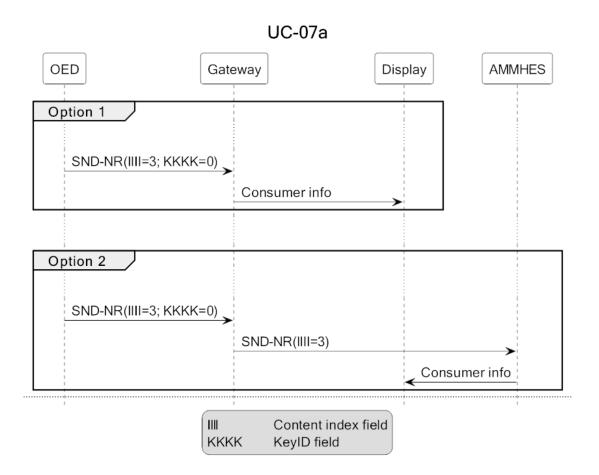
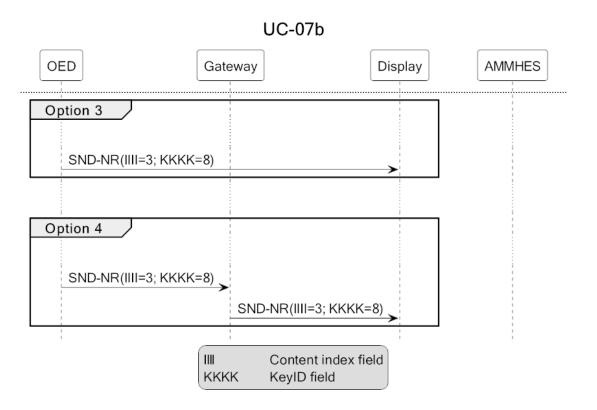


Figure M.3 – Scenarios for the data transfer to the display via gateway or AMMHES



Figure M.4 depicts possible scenarios for the data transfer from the OMS end-device to the display.



## Figure M.4 – Scenario for the direct data transfer to the display

- 5 To allow the gateway or the display unit to identify the datagrams with consumer information a special content index is used (see [OMS-S2], 7.2.4.7). Based on this content index field the gateway may filter this datagram or forward it to a display unit or the AMMHES.
- NOTE: If security profile C is applied for use case 7b a service of the MSO (as owner of the OMS end-device) is necessary to establish a secure connection. The key needs to be provided to the display owner that has to insert it to the display. This service is needed every time a new display is installed.



Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	Seq_SND-NR [MBus-Data]	n.a.
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [App-Select, MBus- Data]	Seq_SND-UDx [App-Select, MBus- Data]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	Select message application 18 (see [C	DMS-S2], 8.10)
Data elements from the OMS end-	The OMS end-device shall provide the Table M.27.	MB-Data-Tags according to
device	The MB-Data-Tags shall be present in 18) and in SND-NR datagrams for con marked according to [OMS-S2], 7.2.4.	sumer information that shall be
	These SND-NR datagrams for consumer information shall be transmitted at least every 15 minutes (respecting tolerances according to [OMS-S2], 4.3.2.2). Electricity meters shall provide these SND-NR every 7,5 minutes.	
	Resolution of meter indexes and/or ins consumer feedback shall be according receiver is able to calculate, reasonab values).	to CEN/TR 17167 Annex C. Thus, a
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according security profile" and Security profile A	
	The KeyID of SND-NR datagrams for according to Table M.25.	consumer information shall be applied
<sup>a</sup> Both security p subfield.	rofiles do neither provide the necessary	V KeyID subfield nor context index

Table M.26 – Requirements for OMS-UC-07; get consumer information



## Table M.27 – Requirements for OMS-UC-07; mandatory data elements

	Requi		Owis-OC-O7; mandatory data elements	
Device	Dev	MB-Data	Description	
	Туре	Tag		
		EW1!	(Active) energy import	
Electricity	02h	EW1!R	Active energy import, recent value for billing	
LICOTION	0211	EW2!	Active energy import, recent value for billing Active energy export (only if available)	
		DT2!D	Local date at due date	
Heat Cost Allocator	08h	HC1!	Unrated integral, current value	
Tieal Cust Allocator	0011	HC1!D	Unrated integral, due date value	
		DT2!D	Local date at due date	
		EJ1!,		
		EW1! ª	Energy import	
	0Ah,	EC1!		
Cooling,	0Bh,	EJ1!D,		
Heat	04h,	EW1!D <sup>a</sup>	Energy import, due date value	
	0Ch	EC1!D		
		TC1!	Flow temperature, current value	
		TC2!	Return temperature, current value	
		DT2!D	Local date at due date	
		EJ1!,		
		EW1! <sup>a</sup>	Energy import (1st value for heat)	
		EC1!		
		EJ1!T,		
		EJ2!,		
		EW1!T,	Energy import (2nd value for cooling)	
		EW2! a		
		EC2!		
Heat/Cooling	0Dh	EJ1!D,		
r leat/Cooling	UDII	EW1!D <sup>a</sup>	Energy import (1st value for heat), due date value	
		EC1!D		
		EJ1!DT,		
		EW1!DT,		
		EJ2!D,	Energy import (2nd value for cooling), due date	
		EW2!D <sup>a</sup>	value	
		EC2!D		
		TC1!	Flow temperature, current value	
		TC2!	Return temperature, current value	
Gas	03h	VM1!, VM2!,	Volume, current value, total	
	0011	VM3! ª		
	06h,	DT2!D	Local date at due date	
	07h,	VM1!	Volume, current value, total	
Water,	16h,			
Hot Water	28h,	VM1!D	Volume (V), accumulated, total, due date value	
	15h			
Breaker,	20h,	2011		
Valve <sup>b</sup>	21h	DC1!	Current state of breaker/valve	
<sup>a</sup> At least one of		Data Taos sha	ll be provided.	
			nction shall provide this data point.	
			······································	



## M.2.9 OMS-UC-08 Key Management

This use case describes how to change a key in a wired or wireless OMS end-device.

The key management is separated into two different steps.

- 1. Transfer of new keying material to the OMS end-device.
- 2. Activate new key and deactivate old key.

The remote key management process requires wrapper keys (WK) in the OMS end-device. This wrapper key must be provided to the OMS end-device and to the operator prior to executing this use case.

All necessary commands for the key management shall use the Security Information Transfer
 Protocol (according to [EN 13757-7:2018], Annex A). The SITP can only be applied for
 bidirectional communicating OMS end-devices.

To exchange a key at least the second step shall be performed. The first step may be skipped, if new keying material is already available in the OMS end-device (preloaded in the factory).

The exchange of the master key needs some special treatment as it affects the transport security. Appendix M.A (informative) shows the message flow between the AMMHES, the Gateway and the OMS end-device for all three steps of master key renewal.

**NOTE 1:** If the gateway (or the operator) is not aware of the currently used keying material, the SITP can also be used to get a list of active key information. The current key version of the master key can be requested by the gateway with activating the AFL.KI flag in any command (see [OMS-S2], 6.2.2).

20 (see [OMS-S2], 6.2.2).

5

**NOTE 2:** If a key exchange is requested with an older key version than the current one, then the OMS end-device may refuse the key renewal.

	M.28 – Requirements for OMS-UC	-08; Get list of keys
Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	Command "Get list of active key inform • BCF = 08h according to [EN137 Command "Get list of active keys and	'57-7:2018], Table A.3 key counter information":
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>BCF = 09h according to [prEN13</li> <li>Response "Get list of active key inform</li> <li>BCF = 88h according to [EN137</li> <li>DSI = 21h according to [EN1375</li> <li>Response "Get list of active keys and I</li> <li>BCF = 89h according to [prEN135</li> <li>DSI = 23h according to [prEN1355</li> </ul>	nation": /57-7:2018], Table A.3 57-7:2018], Table A.5 ª key counter information": 3757-7:2023], Table A.3 ª
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according Encryption and Authentication according	
<sup>a</sup> Or DSI = 22h in cas	e of an error	

Table M.28 – Requirements for OMS-UC-08; Get list of keys

Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	A.8.3).	257-7:2018], Table A.3 57-7:2018], Table A.5 rding to [OMS-S2], 9.2.2 eyID according to [EN13757-7:2018], th (Setting "invalid" in order to avoid gransferred key sion of the transferred key, ed by AMMHES. This means
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>Response "Transfer security information</li> <li>BCF = 80h according to [EN137]</li> <li>DSI = 22h according to [EN1375]</li> </ul>	757-7:2018], Table A.3
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according Encryption and Authentication accordin Application security shall be applied w • ASP01 according to [OMS-S2]	ng to [OMS-S2], Table 42. ith:

## Table M.29 – Requirements for OMS-UC-08; Transfer of keying material

Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>"Activated Key Version" is th activated</li> <li>"Deactivated Key ID" shall be</li> <li>"Deactivated Key Version" is active key</li> <li>"Option" shall be set to 1 in c message counter reset of CN</li> <li>"Option" should be set to 1 in key counter reset.</li> </ul>	757-7:2018], Table A.3 57-7:2018], Table A.5 rding to [OMS-S2], Table 45 eyID Oh (immediate action) et according to [OMS-S2], 9.2.2 e version number of the new key to be e identical to "Activated Key ID" the version number of the currently case of KeyID=00h (MK) to perform the M. in case of KeyID>=10h to perform the
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>Response "Combined activation/deact</li> <li>BCF = 84h according to [EN137</li> <li>DSI = 22h according to [EN1375</li> </ul>	757-7:2018], Table A.3
Security requirements	<ul> <li>Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44.</li> <li>Encryption and Authentication according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.</li> <li>Application security shall be applied with: <ul> <li>ASP01 according to [OMS-S2] Table 47</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

Table M.30 – Requir	ements for OMS-UC-08; Activatio	n/Deactivation of keying material



## M.2.10 OMS-UC-12 Application Management

## M.2.10.1 Overview

15

5 This use case describes message sequences that shall be used to manage the settings in an OMS end-device. The following management functions are harmonised in OMS:

#### Table M.31 – Harmonised configuration functions

Sub use case	Function
OMS-UC-12a	Due date management
OMS-UC-12b	Customer ownership number

## M.2.10.2 OMS-UC-12a Due Date Management

UC-12a describes three functions:

- 10 request the last due date of an OMS end-device
  - request the next due date of an OMS end-device
  - set the next due date of an OMS end-device

NOTE: The set-function does not provide possibilities to define functional details like:

- the type of the due date (e.g. half yearly)
- The time when to store the values (e.g. 00:00 o clock)
- Time-zone and daylight-saving-time

#### Table M.32 – Requirements for OMS-UC-12a; Get last due date

Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [MBus-Cmd, MBus-Data]	Seq_SND-Udx [MBus-Cmd, MBus-Data]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul><li>MB-Command Tag:</li><li>Get last due date (getDT2!D)</li></ul>	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul><li>MB-Data Tag:</li><li>Local date at last due date (DT2!D)</li></ul>	
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44. Encryption and Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.	



Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [MBus-Cmd, MBus-Data]	Seq_SND-UDx [MBus-Cmd, MBus-Data]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul><li>MB-Command Tag:</li><li>Get next due date (getDT2!N)</li></ul>	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul><li>MB-Data Tag:</li><li>Local date at next due date (DT2!N)</li></ul>	
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44. Encryption and Authentication shall be used according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.	

 Table M.33 – Requirements for OMS-UC-12a; Get next due date

Table M.34 – Requirements for OMS-UC-12a; Set next due date
---

Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	MB-Command Tag: • Set next due date (setDT2!N) <sup>a</sup>	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	MB-Data Tag: <ul> <li>Local date at next due date (DT2!N)</li> </ul>	
Security requirements	<ul> <li>Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44, Encryption and Authentication according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.</li> <li>Application security shall be applied with: <ul> <li>ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47</li> <li>BCF=20h/A0h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.3</li> <li>PID=01h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.14</li> <li>KeyID=26h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45</li> <li>TargetTime shall be set to "zero" (300000000h) for immediate action</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<sup>a</sup> The due date shall supported.	be a valid date in the future. Wildcards I	ike every day and every month are not



## M.2.10.3 OMS-UC-12b Customer Ownership Number

The ownership number is a modifiable alphanumeric number that is intended to optimize the customer's process management. It is optionally provided by a meter/actuator. OMC-UC-12b describes two functions to request and set the ownership number of a meter/actuator.

	Requirements for onio oo 125,		
Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	n.a.	n.a.	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [MBus-Cmd, MBus-Data]	Seq_SND-UDx [MBus-Cmd, MBus-Data]	
Data elements to the meter/actuator	MB-Command-Tag: • getID4!		
Data elements from the OMS end- device	MB-Tag: • ID4!		
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44. Encryption and Authentication shall be according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.		

#### Table M.35 – Requirements for OMS-UC-12b; Get ownership number

#### Table M.36 – Requirements for OMS-UC-12b; Set ownership number

Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	n.a.	n.a.	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	
Data elements to the meter/actuator	MB-Command-Tag: • setID4!		
Data elements from the OMS end- device	MB-Tag: • ID4!		
Security requirements	<ul> <li>Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44.</li> <li>Encryption and Authentication shall be according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.</li> <li>Application security shall be applied with: <ul> <li>ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47</li> <li>BCF= 20h/A0h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.3</li> <li>PID = 01h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.14</li> <li>KeyID = 26h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45</li> <li>TargetTime shall be set to "zero" (3000000000) for immediate action</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	• TargetTime shall be set to "zero" (300000000h) for immediate action		

10



## M.2.11 OMS-UC-14 Data Selection

This use case is used to select the data requested from the Meter device. UC-14 describes these functions:

- Modify readout-list of a message application
- 5 **NOTE:** With the selection of special applications the content of the SND-NR transmissions can be modified too. See [OMS-S2], 8.10 for details.

Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	n.a.	n.a.	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>MB-Command Tag:</li> <li>Address application (setMM6!) <sup>a</sup> AND <ul> <li>Add data point to readout-list (arlXXX!) <sup>b</sup></li> <li>OR/AND Delete data point from readout-list (drlXXX!) <sup>b</sup></li> </ul> </li> <li>Where XXX is any MB-data-tag as specified in [OMS-S2], Annex B, but with data field = 0<sub>h</sub> ("no data") and action code for arl or drl according to B.1.4. The command setMM6! shall be placed prior to the commands arlXXX! or drlXXX! in the message.</li> </ul>		
Data elements from the meter/actuator	In case of successful command execution, the response contains all data points of the selected application and the selected block number including the MB-data-tag MM6!. If the command has attempted to add or delete unimplemented data points, they shall be ignored by the meter/actuator. The response contains all accepted data points of the selected application and the selected block number including the MB-data-tag MM6! In case the L-Field would overflow or any other datagram length limit would exceed, a general application error with an error code 03 <sub>h</sub> ("Record overflow") according to [OMS-S2], 8.8, Table 35, is responded.		
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according Encryption and Authentication accordin Application security shall be applied with • ASP10 according to [OMS-S2] • BCF=20h/A0h according to [E • PID = 01h according to [EN13] • KeyID=25h according to [OMS]	ng to [OMS-S2], Table 42. ith: ], Table 47 N13757-7:2018], Table A.3 757-7:2018], Table A.14 S-S2], Table 45	
to [EN 13757-3:20	ains the currently selected message ap 18], 7.2. ot required to add more than one arl <i>XX</i> .	-	



MB-Command Tags	M-Bus data points	Explanation
setMM6! + arlDP3!	01 FD FD 80 00 70 00 FD BC 0C	Application selection and Data point selection in one command sequence
setMM6! + arlDP3! + drlMM8! + arlMM4!	01 FD FD 80 00 70 00 FD BC 0C 00 FD F4 0D 00 FD AA 0C	Application selection and two Data points added and one data point removed in one command sequence. The support of more than one Data point selection is optional.

Table M.38 – Example for data point selection in Application 7, block 0



## M.2.12 OMS-UC-20 Adapter Management

### M.2.12.1 Overview

This use case describes message sequences to configure or reconfigure an adapter (e.g. Device Type 37h and 38h) connected to a physical meter. The following functions are harmonised in OMS:

Table M.39 – Harmonised adapter setting functions		
Sub use case Function		
OMS-UC-20a Set ALA		
OMS-UC-20b Adjusting meter index		

## Table M.39 – Harmonised adapter setting functions

#### M.2.12.2 OMS-UC-20a Set ALA of an Adapter

UC-20a can be used to set the complete Application Layer Address used by the adapter, e.g. to identify a connected OMS end-device by its serial number. In case only parts of the address are to be changed, the unchanged parts of the complete address need to be filled with wildcards (see [EN13757-7:2018], 7.5.1 to 7.5.4).

The new address should be applied as ALA in the TPL not before the communication session is terminated (e.g. FAC ended with SND-NKE). Therefore, a reasonable command delay should be used. For that reason, the adapter shall support the delay function of the SITP. If the delay exceeds 120 s, the adapter shall reject this with a SITP status response code = 23.

- 15 the delay exceeds 120 s, the adapter shall reject this with a SITP status response code =  $23_h$ and a TPL status byte indicating "any application error". If the command is successfully scheduled the response shall indicate this with a SITP status response (status response code =  $01_h$ ) and a TPL status byte indicating "no error".
- **NOTE:** The reasonable delay will typically be defined by the AMMHES in an area of 30 to 60 seconds. If the selected delay is too small, this may result in an interruption of the communication session as the gateway may struggle with the changed communication address.

Not in scope of this use-case are optional commands to set only the ID (setID10!) or the Device Type (setID11!).

25

5

10



Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>MB-Command Tag:</li> <li>Set Application Layer Address (setID2!)</li> <li>NOTE: Restrictions from [EN13757-7:2018], section 7.5 apply to the 64 bit Address and its components. Wildcards will not change the respective part of the address.</li> </ul>		
Data elements from the OMS end- device	MB-Data Tag: • Full Application Layer Address (ID2!)		
Security requirements	<ul> <li>Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44,</li> <li>Encryption and Authentication according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.</li> <li>Application security shall be applied with: <ul> <li>ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47</li> <li>BCF=20h/A0h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.3</li> <li>DSI=32h or 22h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.5</li> <li>PID=01h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.14</li> <li>KeyID=27h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45</li> <li>TargetTime for delayed action shall be supported</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

## Table M.40 – Requirements for OMS-UC-20a; set ALA

### Examples:

Set complete address (ID 12345678; Manufacturer XYZ; Version 10, Device type 07): setID2! = 07 F9 00 78 56 34 12 3A 63 0A 07

5 Set Device ID to 12345678 (but keep all other parts of ALA unchanged): setID2! = 07 F9 00 78 56 34 12 FF FF FF FF

Set higher 4 digits of Device ID to 1234 and change manufacturer to XYZ: setID2! = 07 F9 00 FF FF 34 12 3A 63 FF FF



## M.2.12.3 OMS-UC-20b Adjust Meter Index of the Adapter

UC-20b describes how to synchronise meter index for adapters. UC-20b can be used to set the current meter index in the adapter, e.g. to synchronize the adapter with the meter index of a connected OMS end-device.

5 Any change of the meter index in the adapter can be accomplished with an absolute or a relative (offset) index. Negative values are not allowed. Meter index adjustment in the adapter resulting in a value out of range (e.g. overflow, underflow) should be ignored and replied with the Application error 15h ("Parameter is missing or wrong").

Functional	Wireless	Wired
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [MBus-Cmd, MBus-Data]	Seq_SND-UDx [MBus-Cmd, MBus-Data]
Data elements to the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>For all MB-Data-Tags, which are mandatory for the connected Device Type (see Annex B.2.2), the adapter shall support the action "get-" from the related MB-Command-Tags, if they are listed in Annex B.2.4.</li> <li>For example: <ul> <li>If the adapter is connected to Device Type "Cold Water", the MB-Data-Tag VM1! and the following related MB-Command-Tags are mandatory:</li> <li>getVM1!</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>The adapter shall respond with the MB-Data-Tag requested by the previously transmitted action in the MB-Command-Tag "get-".</li> <li>For example: <ul> <li>If getVM1! was transmitted to an adapter connected to a Device Type "Cold Water", the adapter shall respond with VM1!</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Security requirements	Selection of Security profile according Encryption and Authentication shall be No further Application security required	according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.

#### Table M.41 – Requirements for OMS-UC-20b; Get meter index

Functional	Wireless	Wired	
Communication sequences unidirectional	N/A	N/A	
Communication sequences bidirectional	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	Seq_SND-UDx [SITP-Cmd, SITP- Rsp]	
Data elements to the OMS end- device	For all MB-Data-Tags, which are mandatory for the connected Device Type (see Annex B.2.2), the adapter shall support the actions "set-", "add-" and "sub-" from the related MB-Command-Tags, if they are listed in Annex B.2.4. Negative values are not allowed.		
	<ul> <li>For example:         <ul> <li>If the adapter is connected to Device Type "Cold Water", the MB-Data-Tag VM1! and the following related MB-Command-Tags are mandatory.</li></ul></li></ul>		
Data elements from the OMS end- device	<ul> <li>The adapter shall respond with the MB-Data-Tag updated by the previously transmitted action in the MB-Command-Tag ("set-", "add-" or "sub-").</li> <li>For example: <ul> <li>If setVM1! was transmitted to an adapter connected to a Device Type "Cold Water", the adapter shall provide the adjusted value with VM1!</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Security requirements	<ul> <li>Selection of Security profile according to [OMS-S2], Table 44,</li> <li>Encryption and Authentication according to [OMS-S2], Table 42.</li> <li>Application security shall be applied with: <ul> <li>ASP10 according to [OMS-S2], Table 47</li> <li>BCF=20h/A0h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.3</li> <li>DSI=32h or 22h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.5</li> <li>PID=01h according to [EN13757-7:2018], Table A.14</li> <li>KeyID=27h according to [OMS-S2], Table 45</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

Table M.42 – Requirements for OMS-UC-20b; Adjust meter index

Examples: Set energy EW1! to 120 kWh; setEW1! = 04 86 00 78 00 00 00 Add 367 litre to volume VM1!; addVM1! = 0A 93 01 67 03



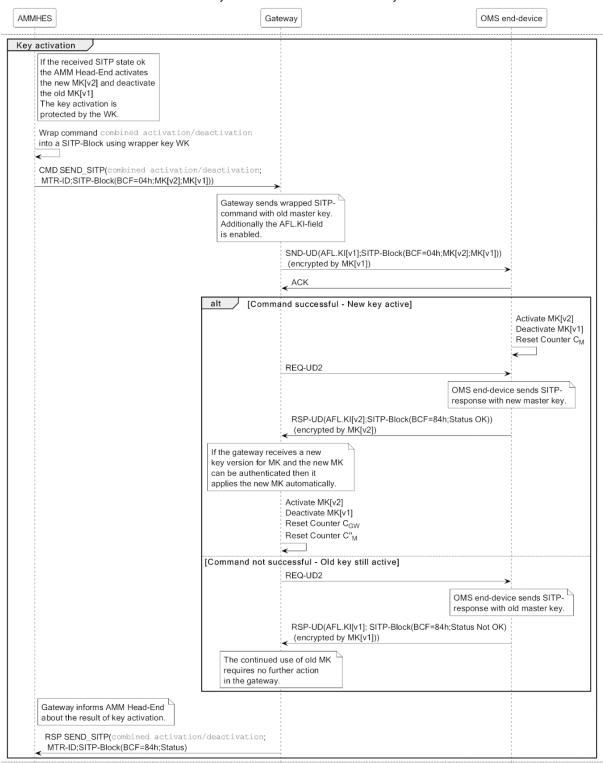
# Appendix M.A (informative)

## Example for the Renewal of the Master Key OMS-UC-08

Key transfer The AMM Head-End sends a new key. Wrap new key into a SITP-Block using wrapper key WK CMD SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) wait for the OMS end-device SND-VR(data) The new wrapped master key. SND-UD(SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) ACK REQ-UD2 RSP SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status)) If ne is et the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; Key(D;KeyVersion;MK[v2])	Key transfer: renewal the master key			
The AMM Head-End sends a new key. Wrap new key into a SITP-Block using wrapper key WK CMD SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) wait for the OMS end-device SND-NR(data) The new wrapped master key is transferred with old master key. SND-UD(SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) ACK REQ-UD2 RSP-SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status)) If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])	MMHES	G	ateway	OMS end-device
sends a new key. Wrap new key into a SITP-Block using wrapper key WK CMD SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) wait for the OMS end-device SND-NR(data) The new wrapped master key is transferred with old master key. SND-UD(SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) ACK REQ-UD2 RSP-SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status)) If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])	ey transfer			
using wrapper key WK CMD SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) wait for the OMS end-device SND-NR(data) The new wrapped master key is transferred with old master key. SND-UD(SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) ACK REQ-UD2 RSP-SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status)) If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])				
MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) wait for the OMS end-device SND-NR(data) The new wrapped master key is transferred with old master key. SND-UD(SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) ACK REQ-UD2 RSP SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status)) If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])		TP-Block		
The new wrapped master key is transferred with old master key.         SND-NR(data)         SND-UD(SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2]))         ACK         REQ-UD2         RSP SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status))         If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too.         CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])			>	
The new wrapped master key is transferred with old master key. SND-UD(SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2])) ACK REQ-UD2 RSP SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status)) If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])		wait for the OI	/IS end-device	
transferred with old master key.         SND-UD(SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2]))         ACK         REQ-UD2         RSP SEND_SITP(transfer security information;         MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status))         If received SITP state is ok         then it set the new key in         the gateway too.         CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID;         KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])			SND-NR(data)	
ACK REQ-UD2 RSP SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status)) If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])				
RSP SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status)) If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])			SND-UD(SITP-Block(BCF=00h;MK[v2]))	>
RSP SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status)) If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])			< ACK	
RSP SEND_SITP(transfer security information; MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status)) If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])			REQ-UD2	>
MTR-ID;SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status))  If received SITP state is ok then it set the new key in the gateway too.  CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])			<pre>RSP-UD(SITP-Block(BCF=80;Status))</pre>	
then it set the new key in the gateway too. CMD Transfer_Key(MTR-ID; KeyID;KeyVersion;MK[v2])				
KeylD;KeyVersion;MK[v2])	then it set the new key			
			>	
RSP Transfer_Key(MTR-ID;Result)	RSP Transfer_Key(M	TR-ID;Result)		

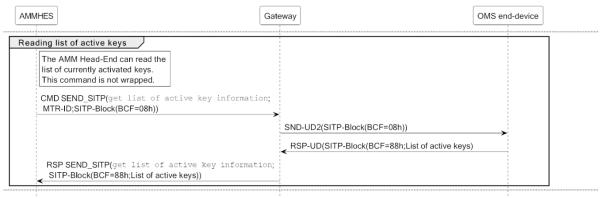


Key activation of the new master key





#### Reading list of active keys



#### Key destruction of the old master key

